

Background

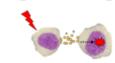
- Electromagnetic (EM) fields can perturb biological organisms through effects on neural and immune systems and on cell membranes.
- New non-targeted effects (NTE) radiobiology suggests signaling pathways should be perturbed by EM fields because ion-gated channels and receptors previously thought to be confined to the nervous system are critical.
- Experiments done to examine EM effects and effects of alternative medicine techniques which affect EM fields.

'Non-targeted' radiation effects

Bystander effects

Effects in neighbouring cells





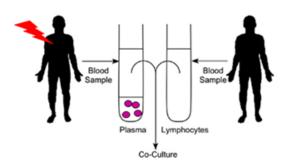
Abscopal effects

Effects in neighbouring tissues



Clastogenic factors

Ex vivo effects in cultured cells



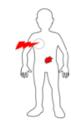
Inflammatory Processes may provide mechanistic link

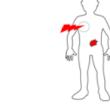
Long-term effects on innate immune response function may occur

Genomic Instability

Inter-cellula

Effects in unirradiated descendant cells





Inter-animal signaling

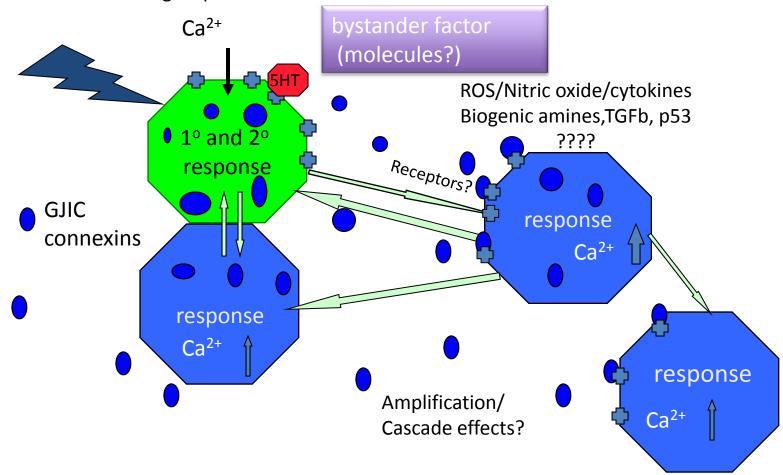
Effects in neighbouring animals



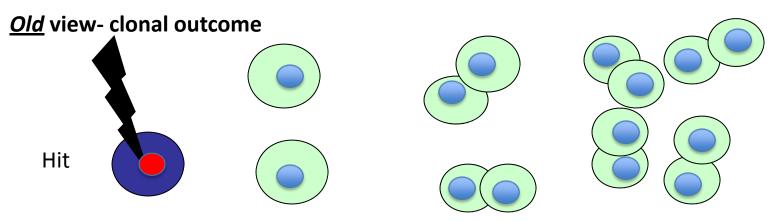


The bystander effect

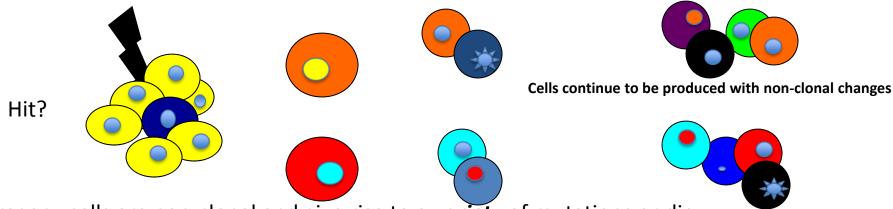
Ionizing radiation, UVA, UVB, ELF-EMF and heavy metals induce affected cell to signal to others. Responses to the signals include apoptosis, micronucleus formation, transformation, mutation, induction of stress and adaptive pathways. Serotonin (5HT) and Calcium ions known to be involved in signal production.



The link between bystander effects and genomic instability – twin pillars of the new paradigm



Progeny are all clonal i.e. identical and mutation is passed to all progeny New view-non-clonal, population-determined outcome

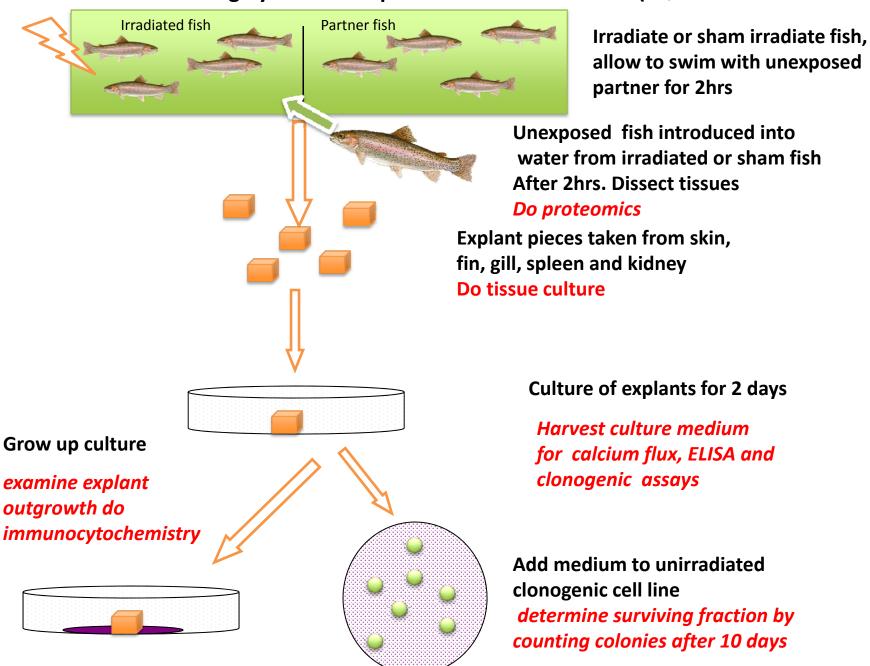


Progeny cells are non-clonal and give rise to a variety of mutations or die

Endpoints

- Direct radiation effect (clonogenic assay, calcium flux, proteomics)
- Bystander signaling effect (clonogenic assay, calcium flux, proteomics)
- In vivo fish model for studying bystander effect in a separate organism.

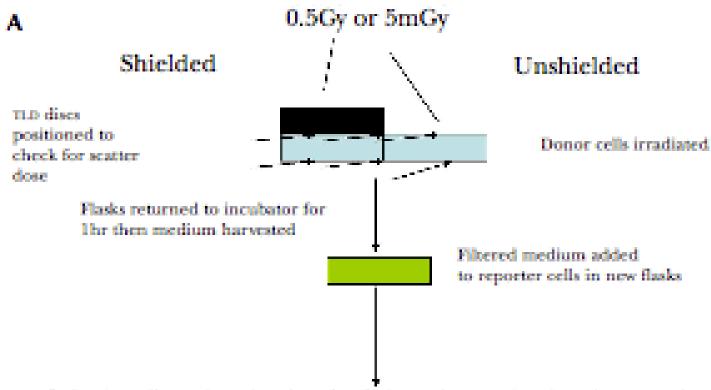
Measuring bystander response to radiation in vivo (adapted from Mothersill et al 2006)



- Expose cells/organisms to IR without EM field (Faraday cages)
- Expose cells/organisms to MRI
- Expose cells/organisms to IR but prevent chemical transmission of bystander signals
- Expose cells/organisms to IR with inhibitors/stimulators of signaling receptor pathways
- Expose cells/organisms to "alternative" medicine techniques known to involve biofields – acupuncture and reiki

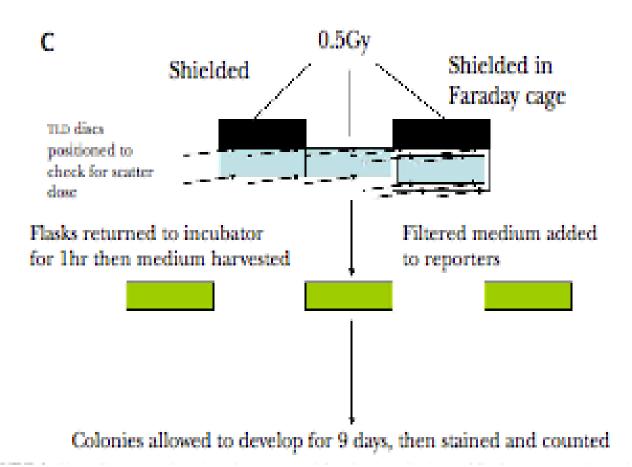
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Protocol for EM experiments 1

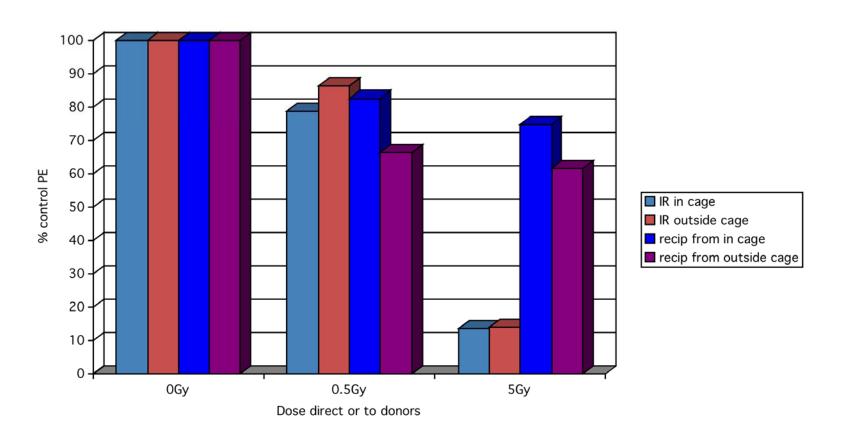


Colonies allowed to develop for 9 days, then stained and counted

Protocol for EM Experiments 2



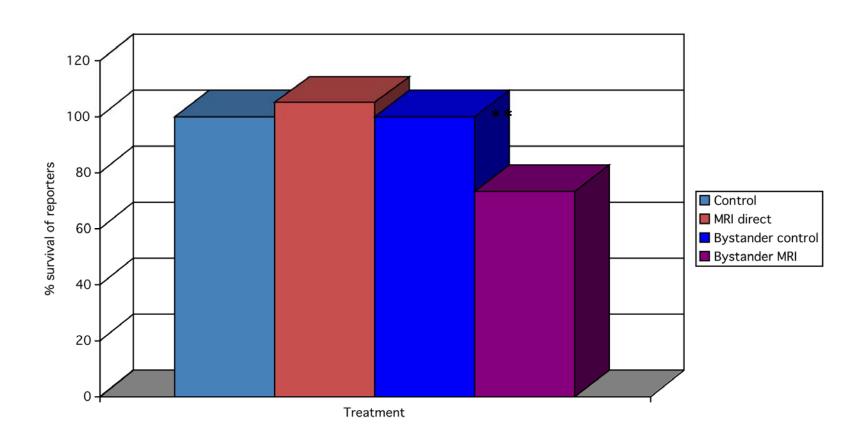
Effect of using a Faraday cage during irradiation





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Figure 3: Effect of medium from MRI exposed cells on survival of reporters

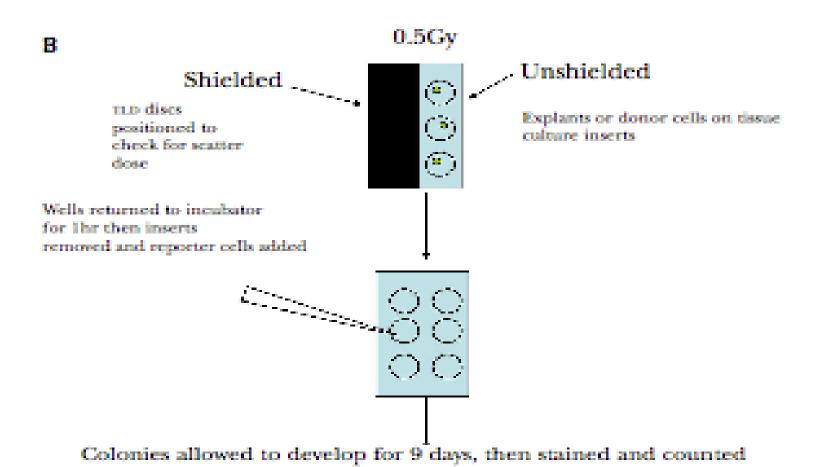


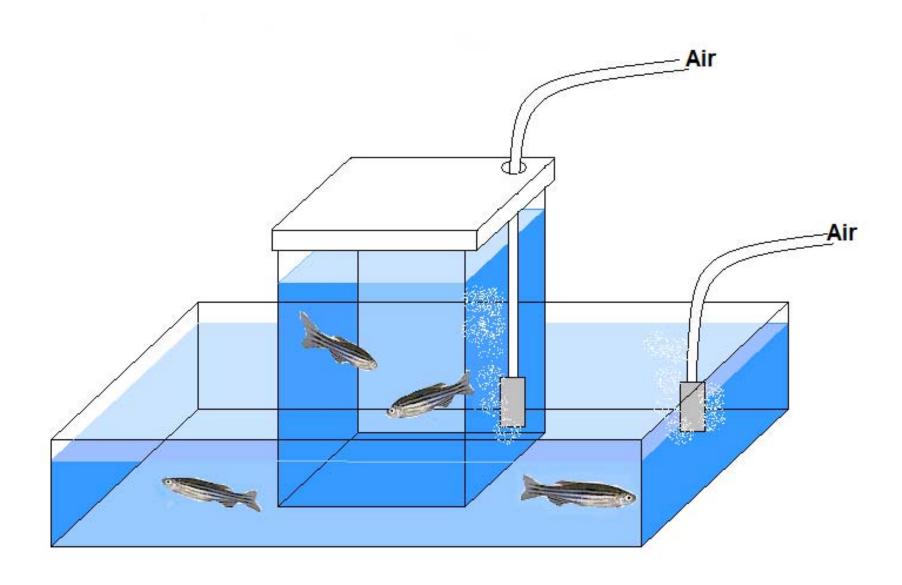
^{** =} p<0.01



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Protocol for EM experiments

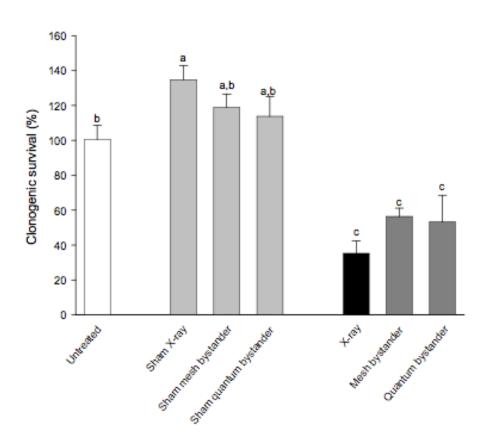






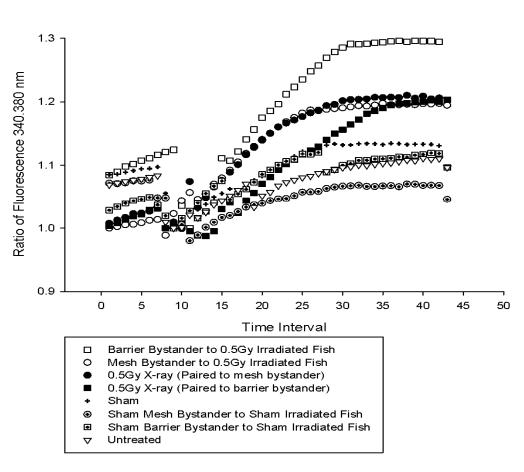
Barrier Bystander Clonogenic Assay

Experiment 1



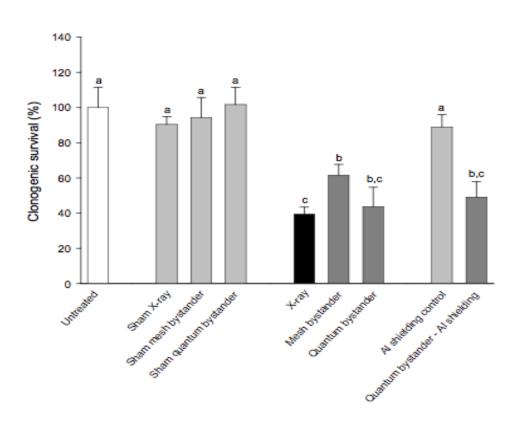
Calcium traces for barrier v mesh experiment

Intracellular Calcium of HPV-G Cells

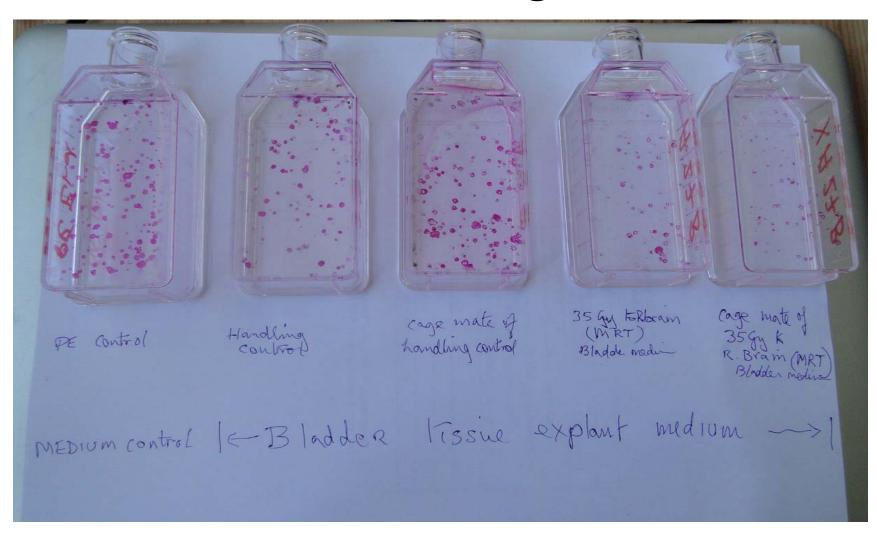


Barrier bystander assay ± Al foil





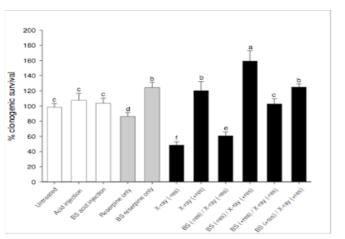
Rat communication of bystander signal to unirradiated cage mates





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Serotonin important in signal generation



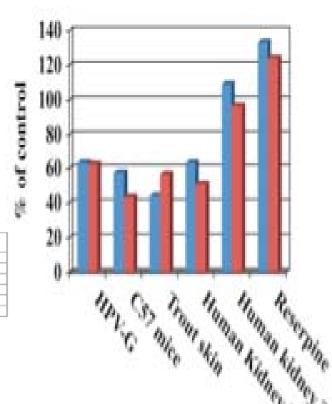
Sham treatment	% clonogenic survival	
Sham X-ray (-reserpine injection)	103.8 ± 8.1*. ^{2.†}	
Sham X-ray (+reserpine injection)	111.7 ± 8.6 [‡]	
Bystander (-reserpine) / sham X-ray (-reserpine)	102.0 ± 4.8*·*	
Bystander (-reserpine) / sham X-ray (+reserpine)	137.0 ± 6.8*. [‡]	
Bystander (+reserpine) / sham X-ray (-reserpine)	93.5 ± 3.6 [†]	
Bystander (+reserpine) / sham X-ray (+reserpine)	130.6 ± 4.3 [‡]	

* significantly different to equivalent X-ray treatment

211.

- ‡ significantly different to untreated and reserpine injected fish.
- † significantly different to reserpine injection only induced bystander effect.

Fish injected with reserpine do not communicate the bystander signal



Reserpine inhibits serotonin binding and prevents the bystander effect in vitro and in vivo



Saroya, R et al, Injection of reserpine into zebrafish prevents fish to fish communication of radiation-induced bystander signals; confirmation in vivo of a role for serotonin in the mechanism, Dose response, in press

Poon RC et al 2007. Bystander effects of ionizing radiation can be modulated by signaling amines. Environ Res. 105(2):200-

Importance of serotonin in serum

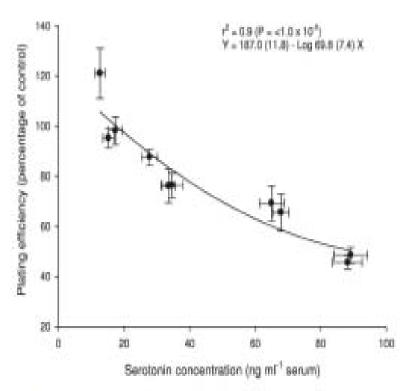


FIG. 1. Serotonin level (ng/ml) in 10 samples of commercially available fetal calf serum as a function of the percentage reduction in plating efficiency of HPV-G-transfected human keratinocytes (HPV-G cells) exposed to bystander signals in medium harvested from 0.5 Gy-irradiated donor cells.

TABLE 1 Serum as the Source of Variability in Bystander Experiments

	Dysumer Experiments					
		Plating efficiency (%)				
	Serum origin	Directly irradiated cells	Reporter cells	Serotonin ng/ml		
1.	Gibco Canada	93 ± 7	95 ± 4	15 ± 2		
2.	Gibco Canada	74 ± 6	76 ± 5	35 ± 3		
3.	Gibco Canada	386 ± 3	46 ± 3	88 ± 4		
3.	Exposed to sunlight 1 h	94 ± 43	98 ± 7	3 ± 2		
3.	Exposed to laboratory					
	light 3 h	102 ± 7	100 ± 9	5 ± 1		
4.	PAA	95 ± 6.0	98 ± 6	17 ± 2		
5.	PAA	96 ± 8	121 ± 10	13 ± 1		
6.	PAA	54 ± 4	48 ± 3	89 ± 5		
7.	Gibco USA	69 ± 6	65 ± 7	68 ± 2		
8.	Gibco USA	74 ± 5 .	69 ± 7	65 ± 4		
9.	Gibco USA	779 ± 8	88 ± 3	28 ± 2		
10.	Gibco USA	72 ± 6	76 ± 7	34 ± 2		

Notes. Data for concentration of serotonin in 10 batch samples of sera with the corresponding plating efficiency of directly irradiated (0.5 Gy) and ICCM-treated reporter cells. The table includes data showing the effect of light on the level of serotonin in one of the highest samples

Reserpine disrupts calcium pulse and bystander

effect in vivo

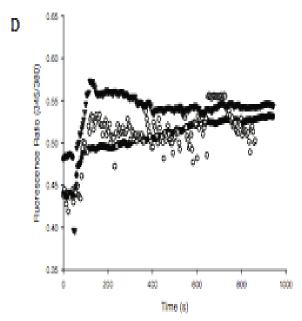


FIGURE 2D: Intracellular calcium trace in HPV-G cells, X-ray + reserpine injected fish. Medium was added from fish that were untreated (●), injected with reserpine and given an X-ray (○), and the bystander fish to the X-ray + reserpine group (▼), 45 seconds after recording. 6 fields were measured per sample. One representative trace is shown.

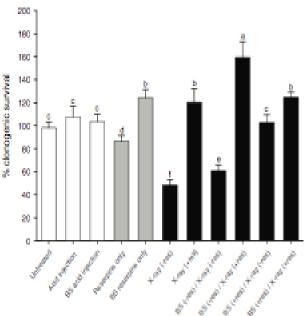
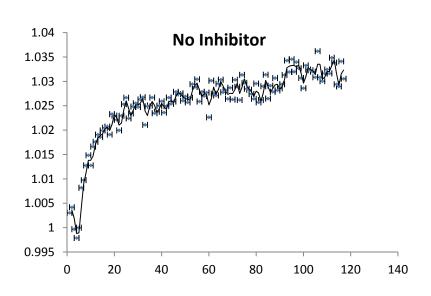
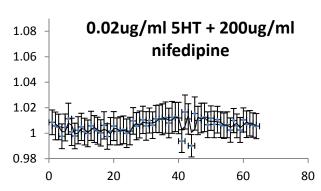
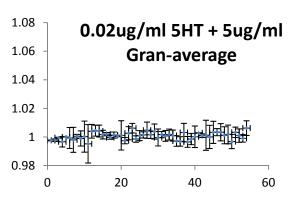


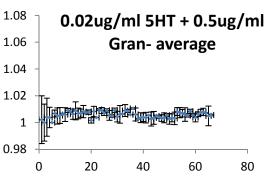
FIGURE 1: Clonogenic survival of HPV-G transfected keratinocyte reporter cells treated with growth medium from zebrafish skin tissue explants. Black bars represent fish that were X-rayed or partnered with X-rayed fish. Grey bars represent treatment or partnership with reserpine only, while the white bars represent untreated and acid injected or partnered control fish. Fish injected with reserpine are indicated by +res and -res indicates those that were not injected. Bars with corresponding letters show statistical similarities. N = 5. BS = bystander fish.

Incubation with Inhibitors Post Radiation- Reporter cell treatment





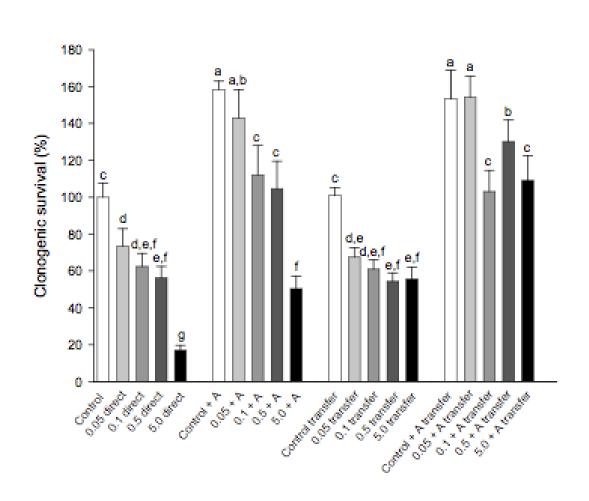




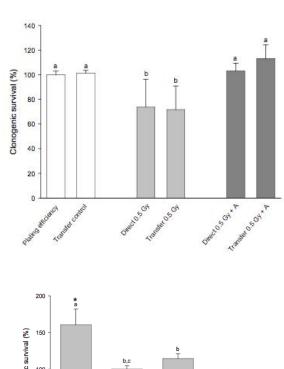


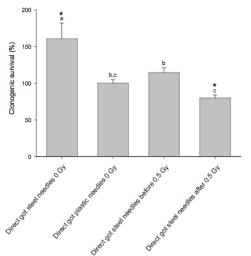
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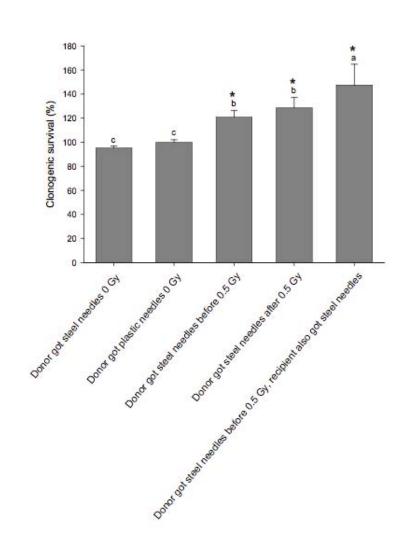
Acupuncture effect dose response



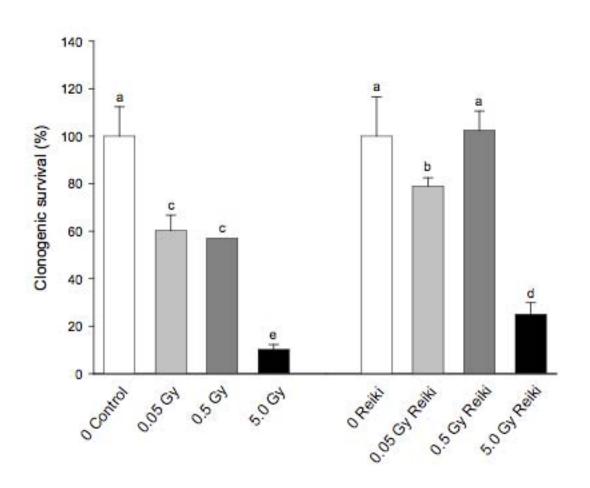
Acupuncture like treatment of irradiated or bystander cells







Effect of Reiki treatment on radiation dose response



Effect of Reiki treatment on bystander dose response

